THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PUZZLE PLAYING THERAPY TO THE FINE MOTOR DEVELOPMENT OF PRESCHOOLERS CHILDREN IN WONOREJO RW 17 BEJEN KARANGANYAR

Nita Setyaningrum, Annisa Andriyani, Tri Susilowati

<u>Nitasetyani2@gmail.com</u>

STIKES 'Aisyiyah Surakarta

ABSTRACT

Background: Preschoolers children in Indonesia around 5-25% have minor brain dysfunction including fine motor development disorder. Around 0.4 million (16%) toodlers have developmental disorder both fine and rough motor development, hearing loss, lack of intelligance and late talk. Slow motor development occurs because of a nervous system or cerebral palsy, spinal cord abnormalities, and the environmen. Objectives: To find the results of applying puzzle playing therapy to fine motor development in preschool children. Method: The research method used is descriptive with case study design. The sample in this implementation is 2 respondents. The research instrument used is DDST II (Denver Developmental Screning Test). Result: Fine motor development in respondents have increase from caution to normal after being given puzzle playing therapy. Conclusion: the implementation of puzzle playing therapy can improve fine motor development in preschoolers.

Key word: puzzle playing therapy, fine motor development, preschoolers children