Retno Sundari
NIM C2013101
Nursing Science Study Program

Counsultans:
Indarwati, S.KM., M.Kes
Anjar Nurrohmah, S.Kep,Ns., M.Kep

DESCRIPTION OF SOCIETY KNOWLEDGE LEVEL ABOUT EARLY DETECTION OF DENGUE HEMORAGIC FEVER AT TELUKAN VILLAGE, GROGOL SUBDISTRICT, SUKOHARJO DISTRICT

ABSTRACT

Background; High morbidity rate of dengue was caused by the unstable climate and rainfall was quite a lot in the rainy season. It was also supported by unmaximally PSN activities in the community, causing Extraordinary Events (KLB) dengue hemoragic fever disease in some districts/cities. To be able to prevent the occurrence of dengue hemoragic fever, then the public should get knowledge, especially efforts to make early detection of the dengue hemoragic fever. **Purpose**; Knowing the description of society knowledge level about early detection of dengue hemoragic fever at Telukan Village, Grogol Subdistrict, Sukoharjo District. **Method**; Research type was nonexperiment which was descriptive to describing sdociety knowledge level by using 96 respondents was sample was taken by *stratified random sampling*. Research instrument was use questioner. The data analysis was sing univariate was in frequency and percentage form. **Result**; The analysis result known that majority of respondents was 15 -49 years old, educated junior high school, have female gender, don't work and have Society knowledge less early detection of dengue hemoragic fever is 43,8%. **Conclusion**; Society knowledge level about early detection of dengue hemoragic fever at Telukan Village, Grogol Subdistrict, Sukoharjo District the majority including less knowledgeable.

Key word: *knowledge level, early detection of dengue hemoragic fever*