

Dea Novenda
Nim C2014021
Nursing scolar

Counsellor:
1. Wahyu Purwaningsih, M.Sc
2. Nazaruddin latif, M.S.I

**RELATIONSHIP OF NARCOLEMA EVENTS WITH SELF CONTROL ON
ADOLESCENT IN SMAN 1 SURAKARTA**

ABSTRACT

Background: Today's adolescents need media as a medium to communicate with others both peers and parents. But on the other hand, the development of information technology on the one hand provides benefits, but on the other hand also provides risks to the acceptance of information on teenagers who can interfere with the perception of adolescents, one of which is the behavior of pornography. One of the factors that make up self-control in adolescents is the adolescent's perception of pornographic behavior. **Objective:** to know the relation of incidence of narcolema with self control at adolescent at SMAN 1 Surakarta. **Method:** This study is a correlational analytic research with cross sectional approach with the number of samples of 250 respondents using the proportional random sampling method. The research instrument is questionnaire, then analyzed using Chi Square test. **Research Result:** Chi Square test result relation of incidence of narcolema with adolescent self control obtained value χ^2 counted 5,485 with value of significance (p-value) 0,019 2 and the χ^2 table is 3.841. The value of χ^2 count $>$ χ^2 table (5,485 $>$ 3,841) and test significance value is lower than 0,05 (0,019 $<$ 0,05) so the test decision is H_0 rejected. **Conclusion:** the incidence of narcoleemics in adolescents at SMAN 1 Surakarta is largely absent, self-control in adolescents at SMAN 1 Surakarta is largely good, and there is a connection of narcolemic events with self-control in adolescents at SMAN 1 Surakarta, where the more narcoleemics then self-control teens are getting less.

Keyword: narcotic, self - control, adolescence