DESCRIPTION OF ADOLESCENT KNOWLEDGE ABOUT PRENATIONAL PREGNANCY AND PARENTING PARENTS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD MOJOSONGO

Fiki Hafiya Ulinnuha¹, Tri Susilowati²

<u>fiki.hafiya@gmail.com</u>

University of 'Aisyiyah Surakarta

ABSTRACT

Background: every year in 2022 an estimated 21 million girls in the developing world become pregnant and about 12 million give birth. In Indonesia, high levels of unwanted pregnancies reach 17.5%. Of the population of adolescents (ages 14-19), there are 196% of unwanted pregnancies. Teen knowledge of reproductive health includes the effects of premarital sex takes note. The role of parents in educating adolescents about after-marriage, reproductive health and its effects is vital to attention. A good parental upbringing inevitably results in a youth's sexual attitudes and behavior. **Purpose:** know what a young person knows about prenatal pregnancy and parental upbringing. Methods: the research method used is quantitative descriptive with 57 respondents with the simple random sampling technique using a questionnaire instrument. **Results:** of 57 majority of respondents are in the knowledge category of 36 (63.2 %), 15 (26.3%) insufficient categories, and 6 (10.5 5%) in less. The majority of parents under authoritarian care fall under 42 (73.7%), 13 (22.8%) in the permissive category, and 2 (3.5%) in the democratic category. Conclusion: the portrayal of prenatal pregnancy falls into the right category, while parental custody falls under authoritarian scrutiny.

Keywords: adolescents, knowledge, parenting style, premarital pregnancy