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**HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN DAN SIKAP IBU TERHADAP  
PERILAKU PENCEGAHAN PENYAKIT PNEUMONIA PADA  
BALITA DI PUSKESMAS NUSUKAN SURAKARTA**

**ABSTRAK**

**Latar Belakang:** Pneumonia merupakan infeksi akut yang mengenai jaringan paru-paru (alveoli) yang dapat disebabkan oleh berbagai mikroorganisme seperti virus, jamur dan bakteri. Faktor ibu mempunyai peran penting terhadap pencegahan pneumonia pada balita. Salah satu faktor resiko yang mempengaruhi terjadinya pneumonia pada balita adalah faktor ibu. Perilaku dapat dipengaruhi oleh banyak faktor seperti pengetahuan, sikap, dan perilaku pencegahan penyakit. **Tujuan:** Mengetahui hubungan pengetahuan dan sikap ibu terhadap perilaku pencegahan penyakit pneumonia pada balita di Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta. **Metode penelitian:** Menggunakan metode *Analitik korelasi* dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Analisa data *chi square*. Sempel 90 dengan teknik *purposive sampling* dan *quota sampling*. **Hasil:** Pada analisis bivariat didapatkan bahwa terdapat hubungan yang bermakna pada tingkat pengetahuan terhadap perilaku pencegahan penyakit pneumonia pada balita di Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta dengan nilai  $p = 0,018$ . Didapatkan juga bahwa terdapat hubungan yang bermakna antara sikap ibu terhadap perilaku pencegahan penyakit pneumonia pada balita di Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta dengan nilai  $p = 0,042$ . **Kesimpulan:** Berdasarkan penelitian ini ada hubungan pengetahuan dan sikap ibu terhadap perilaku pencegahan penyakit pneumonia pada balita di Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta.

**Kata kunci:** *Pengetahuan, sikap, perilaku*

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**RELATIONSHIP KNOWLEDGE AND MOTHER ATTITUDE OF  
PNEUMONIA DISEASE PREVENTION BEHAVIOR ON  
BALITA IN PUSKESMAS NUSUKAN SURAKARTA**

**ABSTRACT**

**Introduction:** *Pneumonia is an acute infection of the lung tissue (alveoli) that can be caused by various microorganisms such as viruses, fungi and bacteria. Maternal factors have an important role to prevent pneumonia in infants. One of the risk factors that affect the occurrence of pneumonia in infants is the mother factor. Behavior can be influenced by many factors such as knowledge, attitude, and behavior of disease prevention.* **Objective:** *To know the correlation between mother's knowledge and attitude toward the prevention behavior of pneumonia disease at under-five at Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta.* **Research method:** *Using correlation analytical method with cross sectional approach. Analysis of chi square data. sample 90 with purposive sampling technique and quota sampling.* **Results:** *In bivariate analysis it was found that there was a significant correlation on the level of knowledge on the prevention behavior of pneumonia disease in infants at Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta with p value = 0,018. It was also found that there was a significant relationship between mother attitude toward behavior of prevention of pneumonia disease at toddler at Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta with p value = 0,042.* **Conclusion:** *Based on this research there is relationship of knowledge and attitude of mother to behavior of prevention of pneumonia disease at toddler at Puskesmas Nusukan Surakarta.*

**Keywords:** *Knowledge, Attitude, Behavior*